

Agricultural Research and High Performance Networking







Overview

- Introduction to IRRI
- Crop Research Informatics Lab
- Rice and Fish
- Trends in Agricultural Research
- Conclusions





International Rice Research Institute

Los Baños, Philippines

Mission:

Reduce poverty and hunger,

Improve the health of rice farmers and consumers,

Ensure environmental sustainability

Through research partnerships



Home of the Green
Revolution
Established in 1960 by the Ford and
Rockefeller Foundations

Rice Science for a Better World

http://irri.org



Crop Research Informatics Laboratory





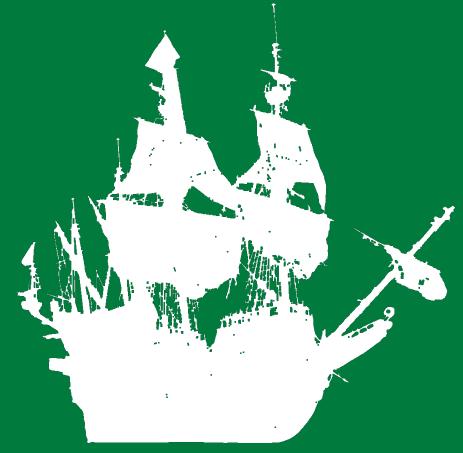
Capturing new research opportunities whilst strengthening quality, reliability and impact of crop research outputs for the resource-poor





IRRI/CIMMYT Alliance: CRIL

Manila-Mexico, 1665-1821



120 Days – One Way





Manila – Mexico City 2008

>tracert www.iocd.unam.mx

```
Tracing route to organical.fquim.unam.mx [132.248.103.112] over a maximum of 30 hops:
      <1 ms
               <1 ms
                        <1 ms 172.29.4.254
       1 ms
                1 ms
                        1 ms 202.123.56.254
                2 ms
                         2 ms 202.123.63.2
       3 ms
      3 ms 3 ms
                        3 ms core-7304-ge1.pregi.net [202.90.149.65]
                        65 ms 203.181.248.182
      65 ms
               65 ms
     65 ms
              65 ms
                        65 ms tpr5-ge0-0-0-6.jp.apan.net [203.181.249.100]
     190 ms
                              losa-tokyo-tp2.transpac2.net [192.203.116.145]
              180 ms
                       180 ms
     251 ms
              251 ms
                       251 ms
                               cudi-lo-jmb.lsanca.pacificwave.net [207.231.240.142]
     277 ms
              278 ms
                       278 ms
                              200.23.60.242
10
              290 ms
                       290 ms
     291 ms
                              200.23.60.225
11
    293 ms
              292 ms
                       292 ms 200.23.60.194
12
    294 ms
                      292 ms 132.247.255.198
              292 ms
13
    292 ms
              292 ms
                      292 ms vel0.zc-core.unam.mx [132.247.251.201]
14
    294 ms
              293 ms
                      292 ms ve8.iimas-core.unam.mx [132.247.251.129]
15
     292 ms
                       294 ms
                              ve10.iimas-dist.unam.mx [132.247.251.138]
              293 ms
16
     293 ms
                       298 ms
                               organical.fquim.unam.mx [132.248.103.112]
              293 ms
Trace complete.
```

>ping www.iocd.unam.mx

Pinging organical.fquim.unam.mx [132.248.103.112] with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 132.248.103.112: bytes=32 time=292ms TTL=46

Approximate <u>round trip</u> times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 292ms, Maximum = 292ms, Average = 292ms





CRIL Vision

- Assert global scientific leadership in the application of informatics to support research for agricultural development
- Raise the profile of research informatics within and outside IRRI and CIMMYT
- Form a foundation for a global platform of research informatics for crop research





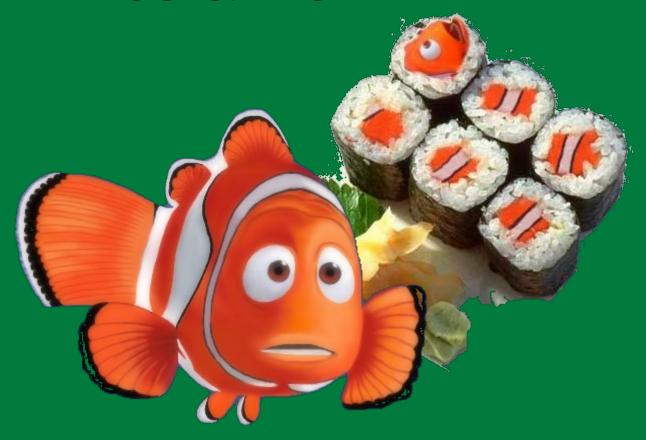
CRIL High Speed Networking

- Daily team video conferences
- Shared, synchronized codebase
- Distributed software development
- Remote system administration
- Online database backups
- Shared HPC cluster





Rice & Fish?



Rice Science for a Better World





Worldfish: FishBase

- Worldfish Center, Penang, Malaysia (HQ)
- www.fishbase.org
- Mirrors: .us .de .fr .se .tw .cn .gr
- Development team at IRRI
- 30,900 Species
- 269,600 Common names
- 46,500 Pictures,
- 42,200 References
- 1,600 Collaborators
- 24,000,000 million Hits/month





Amphiprion percula Orange clownfish

Amphiprion percula (Lacepède, 1802)

Family: Pomacentridae (Damselfishes)

Order: Perciformes (perch-likes)

Class: Actinopterygii (ray-finned fishes)

FishBase name: Orange clownfish

Max. size: 11.0 cm TL (male/unsexed; (Ref. 9710))

* Native range | All suitable habitat | PointMap | Year 2050 Amphiprion percula AquaMaps Data sources: GBIF OBIS

Point map

picture (Amper_ur.jpg) by Patzner. R

Environment: reef-associated; non-migratory; marine; depth range 1 – 15 m (Ref. 9710)

Climate: tropical; 6°S - 26°S, 141°E - 155°E

fisheries: of no interest: aquarium: commercial Importance:

High, minimum population doubling time less than 15 months(Preliminary K or Fecundity.) Resilience:

Low vulnerability (20.00). (Ref. 59153) Vulnerability:

Distribution: Western Pacific: Queensland and Melanesia including northern Great Barrier Reef, northern New Guinea, New Britain, Solomon Islands and Vanuatu. Not known from New Caledonia and the Fiji Islands, although Fowler (1959) recorded it from the latter

area. Often confused with Amphiprion ocellaris.

Dorsal spines (total): 9 - 10; Dorsal soft rays (total): 14 - 17; Anal spines: 2; Anal soft rays: 11 - 13. Overall orange with three Morphology:

black-bordered vertical white bands. The fins also orange with black edges. Dorsal count of 9 spines (Ref. 48636).

Inhabits lagoon and seaward reefs (Ref. 9710). Each group of fish consists of a breeding pair and 0-4 non-breeders. Within each Biology:

group there is a size-based hierarchy: the female is largest, the male is second largest, and the non-breeders get progressively smaller as the hierarchy is desceded. If the female dies, the male changes sex and becomes the breeding female, while the largest

non-breeder becomes the breeding male. The maintenance of size differences may avoid conflicts, because subordinates do not become a threat to their dominants (Ref. 47841). Appears to occur in shallower depths than A. ocellaris. This species has been

reared in captivity (Ref. 35404, 35413, 35420). Associated with the anemones: Heteractis crispa, Heteractis magnifica, and

Stichodactyla gigantea (Ref. 5911).

Red List Status: Not Evaluated (Ref. 57073) Dangerous: harmless

Coordinator: Allen, Gerald R.

Gazetteer

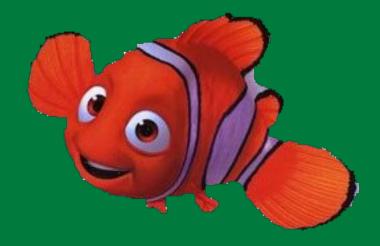
Main Ref: Allen, G.R., 1991 . (Ref. 7247)

Rice Science for a Better World



Fishbase and High Performance Networking

- Daily synchronization across mirrors
- Collaboration among contributors
- Multi-location archiving
- Single code base
- Load balancing





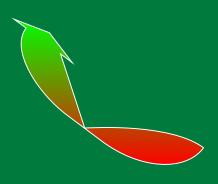


An incredibly exciting time for rice research

Simultaneous revolutions in biology, communications, and computational power



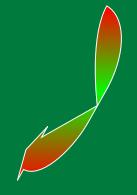
Molecular biology, genetics & physiology knowledge explosion



Vast arrays of data generated worldwide

Remote computational power generates new generation of questions and applications

Remote data storage and analysis capacities universally accessible



Rice Science for a Better

All this now applicable to the developing world



Our Future Agenda

- 1. Bring about an agronomic revolution in Asian rice production to reduce existing yield gaps
- 2. Accelerate the delivery of new post harvest technologies to reduce losses
- 3. Accelerate the introduction and adoption of higher yielding rice varieties (e.g., hybrids)
- 4. Strengthen and upgrade the rice breeding and research pipelines
- 5. Accelerate research on the world's thousands of rice varieties so scientists can tap the vast reservoir of untapped knowledge they contain
- 6. Develop a new generation of rice scientists and researchers for the public and private sectors
- 7. Increase public investment in agricultural infrastructure
- 8. Reform policy to improve the efficiency of marketing systems for both inputs and outputs
- 9. Strengthen food safety nets for the poor